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TITLE OF THE INVENTION

INFORMATION PRESENTATION AND MANAGEMENT IN AN ONLINE TRADING  
ENVIRONMENT

INVENTORS

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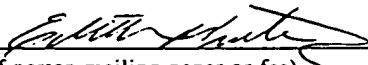
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## 15

### Description of the Related Art

The success of an online shopping site depends upon its ability to provide an enjoyable shopping experience and an easy-to-use environment in which buyers and sellers

can conduct business efficiently. Current online shopping sites have certain limitations in the manner in which they present information to users. With reference to Figure 1, a typical item listing will briefly be described. A textual list of items 105 representing the results of a user query is presented within a web page format 100 to the user (e.g., a prospective buyer) on his/her computer system. In this example, the web page format 100 presented to the prospective buyer includes items 110 that are currently available for sale on a particular page 170 within a particular category 160. Each item 110 includes a hypertext link 115 having a title (or brief description) of the item for sale, an indication 120 of whether or not an image of the item is available, the current minimum bid 130, the number of bids received 140, and an auction ending time 150. Based upon the item titles, prospective buyers can decide whether or not to view more detailed information on a particular item. In order to view detailed information on a particular item of interest, the buyer is required to select the hypertext link 115 associated with the item. A new page is then presented with more detailed information regarding the item selected. The more detailed information may include, among other things, the item's starting price, a username associated with the seller of the item, a username associated with the current high bidder, a detailed description of the item in text or HTML format, and an image the seller has associated with the item, for example. To continue browsing other items of interest, the prospective buyer must return to the previously viewed listing, using the browser's "Back" function, for instance, and select the hypertext link 115 associated with the next item of interest. While associating an image with an item, such as a digitized picture of the item, has the advantage of allowing the prospective purchaser to make a more informed decision, the iterative process of individually selecting items to view their images can be very time consuming and even frustrating.

In light of the foregoing, it is desirable to provide an improved user interface for online commerce sites. In particular, it would be advantageous to enhance the online trading experience by providing buyers with a mechanism to more quickly preview items for sale. Additionally, the trading experience of sellers may be improved by automating  
5 certain aspects associated with item registration.

## BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

A method and apparatus for information presentation and management in an online trading environment are described. According to one aspect of the present invention,

- 5 person-to-person commerce over the Internet is facilitated by providing prospective buyers the ability to quickly preview items for sale. Images are harvested from a plurality of sites based upon user-supplied information. The user-supplied information includes descriptions of items for sale and locations from which images that are to be associated with the items can be retrieved. Thumbnail images are created corresponding to the
- 10 harvested images and are aggregated onto a web page for presentation at a remote site.

According to another aspect of the present invention, a user may submit a query to preview items for sale. After receiving the query, thumbnail images corresponding to items that satisfy the user query are displayed, each of the thumbnail images previously having been created based upon a user-specified image.

- 15 Other features of the present invention will be apparent from the accompanying drawings and from the detailed description which follows.

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE SEVERAL VIEWS OF THE DRAWINGS

The present invention is illustrated by way of example, and not by way of limitation, in the figures of the accompanying drawings and in which like reference  
5 numerals refer to similar elements and in which:

**Figure 1** is an example of a prior interface to an online person-to-person trading site that employs text-based item listings.

**Figure 2** is a simplified view of an exemplary client-server environment in which online commerce may take place.

10 **Figure 3** is an example of a computer system upon which one embodiment of the present invention may be implemented.

**Figure 4** is a high level illustration of the interaction among various devices according to one embodiment of the present invention.

15 **Figure 5** conceptually illustrates high level item maintenance processing according to one embodiment of the present invention.

**Figure 6** is an exemplary form that may be used during item registration.

**Figure 7** is a flow diagram illustrating image harvesting processing according to one embodiment of the present invention.

20 **Figure 8** is a flow diagram illustrating item presentation processing according to one embodiment of the present invention.

**Figure 9** is an example of an item presentation format for an online person-to-person trading site according to one embodiment of the present invention.

**Figure 10** illustrates memory mapped file access to the thumb database according to one embodiment of the present invention.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

A method and apparatus for information presentation and management in an online trading environment are described. In the following description, for the purposes of  
5 explanation, numerous specific details are set forth in order to provide a thorough understanding of the present invention. It will be apparent, however, to one skilled in the art that the present invention may be practiced without some of these specific details. In other instances, well-known structures and devices are shown in block diagram form.

As will be described in greater detail below, the present invention includes features  
10 for enhancing the online trading experience for both buyers and sellers. When sellers register an item for sale, they provide information about the item. For example, the seller may associate a textual description, an image, shipping terms, and other information with the item. Advantageously, according to one aspect of the present invention, to associate an image with an item for sale, the seller is not required to provide the image in a particular  
15 format or size; rather, the method and apparatus of the present invention automatically harvest images and transform them to an appropriate format for use with the system. According to another aspect of the present invention, prospective purchasers visiting an online commerce site employing the present invention need not navigate to a separate web page for each item to view images associated with the items; rather, thumbnail images for  
20 multiple items are aggregated onto a web page to allow quick preview by the prospective purchaser. In the context of this application, the term "thumbnail" or "thumbnail image" generally refers to a new image that is a miniature version of the original, user-supplied image. Typically, the thumbnail image will be approximately 1 inch x 1 inch or smaller. According to one embodiment, thumbnail images are approximately 96 pixels x 96 pixels.

In the preferred embodiment, the steps of the present invention are embodied in machine-executable instructions. The instructions can be used to cause a general-purpose or special-purpose processor which is programmed with the instructions to perform the steps of the present invention. Alternatively, the steps of the present invention might be performed by specific hardware components that contain hardwired logic for performing the steps, or by any combination of programmed computer components and custom hardware components.

The present invention may be provided as a computer program product which may include a machine-readable medium having stored thereon instructions which may be used to program a computer (or other electronic devices) to perform a process according to the present invention. The machine-readable medium may include, but is not limited to, floppy diskettes, optical disks, CD-ROMs, and magneto-optical disks, ROMs, RAMs, EPROMs, EEPROMs, magnet or optical cards, or other type of media / machine-readable medium suitable for storing electronic instructions. Moreover, the present invention may also be downloaded as a computer program product, wherein the program may be transferred from a remote computer (e.g., a server) to a requesting computer (e.g., a client) by way of data signals embodied in a carrier wave or other propagation medium via a communication link (e.g., a modem or network connection).

Importantly, while embodiments of the present invention will be described with respect to an online person-to-person trading environment, the method and apparatus described herein are equally relevant to other applications in which image data is collected from disparate sources and presented to a user and/or other e-commerce environments, such as online shopping sites, auctioning sites, and the like.



### Client-Server Environment

Figure 2 is a simplified view of an exemplary client-server environment, such as the World Wide Web (the Web), in which online commerce may take place. The architecture of the Web follows a conventional client-server model. The terms “client” and “server” are used to refer to a computer’s general role as a requester of data (the client) or provider of data (the server). Web clients 205 and Web servers 210 communicate using a protocol such as HyperText Transfer Protocol (HTTP). In the Web environment, Web browsers reside on clients and render Web documents (pages) served by the Web servers. The client-server model is used to communicate information between clients 205 and servers 210. Web servers 210 are coupled to the Internet 200 and respond to document requests and/or other queries from Web clients 205. When a user selects a document by submitting its Uniform Resource Locator (URL), a Web browser, such as Netscape Navigator or Internet Explorer, opens a connection to a server 210 and initiates a request (e.g., an HTTP get) for the document. The server 210 delivers the requested document, typically in the form of a text document coded in a standard markup language such as HyperText Markup Language (HTML).

### Exemplary Computer System

A computer system 300 representing an exemplary server in which features of the present invention may be implemented will now be described with reference to Figure 3. Computer system 300 comprises a bus or other communication means 301 for communicating information, and a processing means such as processor 302 coupled with bus 301 for processing information. Computer system 300 further comprises a random access memory (RAM) or other dynamic storage device 304 (referred to as main memory), coupled to bus 301 for storing information and instructions to be executed by processor 302. Main

memory 304 also may be used for storing temporary variables or other intermediate information during execution of instructions by processor 302. Computer system 300 also comprises a read only memory (ROM) and/or other static storage device 306 coupled to bus 301 for storing static information and instructions for processor 302.

5           A data storage device 307 such as a magnetic disk or optical disc and its corresponding drive may also be coupled to computer system 300 for storing information and instructions. Computer system 300 can also be coupled via bus 301 to a display device 321, such as a cathode ray tube (CRT) or Liquid Crystal Display (LCD), for displaying information to a computer user. Typically, an alphanumeric input device 322, including  
10 alphanumeric and other keys, may be coupled to bus 301 for communicating information and/or command selections to processor 302. Another type of user input device is cursor control 323, such as a mouse, a trackball, or cursor direction keys for communicating direction information and command selections to processor 302 and for controlling cursor movement on display 321.

15           A communication device 325 is also coupled to bus 301 for accessing remote servers via the Internet, for example. The communication device 325 may include a modem, a network interface card, or other commercially available network interface devices, such as those used for coupling to an Ethernet, token ring, or other type of network. In any event, in this manner, the computer system 300 may be coupled to  
20 number of clients and/or other servers via a conventional network infrastructure, such as a company's Intranet and/or the Internet, for example.

## System Overview

Figure 4 is a high level illustration of the interaction among various devices according to one embodiment of the present invention. According to the embodiment depicted, an online commerce site 400 may comprise a listing server 410, a thumb server 430, and a thumb building machine 450. Briefly, the listing server 410 includes a listing management process 415 and a listing database 420. The listing management process interacts with sellers to allow new items to be added to the listing database 420 and with prospective purchasers to provide them with information about items in which they are interested. As will be described further below, the listing management process 415 supports both a text-based item listing format, such as that illustrated in Figure 1, or a Gallery™ presentation format, such as that illustrated in Figure 9, that includes thumbnail images of the items for sale (Gallery is a trademark of eBay Inc. of San Jose, CA). According to one embodiment, depending on a user-selected mode, e.g., text mode or photo mode, the listing management process 415 provides HTML appropriate for the text-based item listing format or the Gallery presentation format, respectively.

The thumb building machine 450 includes a harvesting process 455 and a database 460. As will be described further below, the harvesting process 455 periodically harvests images that sellers have associated with items in the listing database 420. After a set of images have been harvested and thumbnailed, the harvesting process 455 notifies the thumb server 430 that new thumbnails are available.

The thumb server 430 includes a thumbnail management process 435, a thumb database 440 and one or more backup databases 445. Clients 470 interact with the thumbnail management process 435 to receive image data associated with the Gallery format. When new thumbnails are available, the thumbnail management process 435 makes a backup copy of the current thumb database 440, receives a copy of a new database

from the thumb building machine 450, and begins serving thumbnail images from the new database.

Importantly, as one feature of the present embodiment, thumbnail images are not stored as individual files; rather, they are stored in an efficient database format that will be described further below. However, at this point, a justification for such an approach is worth mentioning. In the context of an online commerce site that may processes tens of thousands of new items every day, efficiency and stability are key considerations. The practicality of storing and maintaining thousands upon thousands of individual compressed thumbnail image files is questionable at best. It is thought that existing operating systems would become unstable and/or fail to work properly if millions of thumbnail images were stored in various places on the disk as individual files cluttering the file system. Therefore, rather than maintaining a complex file structure with potentially millions of separate files, according to one embodiment of the present invention an efficient database is maintained that is designed to get information into memory quickly to provide fast access to the thumbnail images stored therein.

Note that in this description, in order to facilitate explanation, the thumb building machine 450, the listing server 410, and the thumb server 430 are generally discussed as if they were each a single device. However, each of the thumb building machine 450, the listing server 410, and the thumb server 430 may actually comprise multiple physical and/or logical devices connected in a distributed architecture, and the various functions performed may actually be distributed among multiple devices. Additionally, in alternative embodiments, the functions performed by the various servers may be consolidated and/or distributed differently than as described. For example, any function can be implemented on any number of machines or on a single machine. Also, any process may be divided across multiple machines.

### Item Maintenance

Having briefly described exemplary interactions among various devices in which features of the present invention may be implemented, item maintenance processing will now be described with reference to Figure 5. In general, item maintenance comprises three activities: creating and modifying items, harvesting images to be associated with the items, and presenting items to prospective buyers.

At step 510, depending upon user interactions with the various servers, appropriate processing is performed. If a user request is received to add a new item, then processing continues with step 520. If a user query is received, e.g., a query specifying a category and a page, then processing continues with step 540. Various events may also trigger item maintenance processing. For example, according to the embodiment illustrated, upon expiration of a predetermined harvesting interval, processing continues with step 530. In alternative embodiments, harvesting may be performed on a periodic basis or continuously.

At step 520, item registration processing is performed. According to one embodiment, an HTML form, such as the one illustrated in Figure 6, is supplied to the user. When the completed form is submitted to the listing server 410, the listing management process 415 updates the listing database 420 to include the new item.

At step 530, the harvesting process 455 downloads user-specified images associated with newly listed items to its local database 460. New items may be identified, for example, by a periodic scan of the listing database by either of the listing management process 415 or the harvesting process 455. The harvesting process 455 may also periodically reload images and update thumbnails associated with items that are not new to accommodate subsequent user modification. For example, a user may change the

originally specified image or provide a new URL to be associated with an item for sale. Further details regarding harvesting are described below.

At step 540, item presentation processing is performed. According to one embodiment responsive to a user request, e.g., a query specifying a category and a page number, the listing management process 415 generates HTML describing to the user's browser how to gather and compose the web page. As will be described further below, the HTML may contain image tags referencing thumbnail images stored in the thumb database 440. An exemplary Gallery format, an item presentation format that incorporates thumbnails for fast preview, is illustrated in Figure 9.

#### Item Registration

Figure 6 is an exemplary registration form 600 that may be used during item registration. To sell an item on an online commerce site, typically the seller first registers the item to be sold. In this context, the act of registering simply refers to the process of supplying information about the item so that the information may be presented to prospective purchasers responsive to their requests and/or queries.

Upon receiving a request to add a new item, the listing management process 415 may respond with an HTML form, such as registration form 600. The registration form 600 may include a variety of standard HTML form interface elements, including text input fields, checkboxes, radio buttons, and popup menus, for example. The most important piece of information for purposes of this application is the picture URL 650. The picture URL 650 text input field allows a seller to specify an image of his/her choice to be associated with the item being registered. Note, that no additional information regarding the image is necessary. Advantageously, in this manner, the user need not worry about supplying an image in a particular format or one that is limited to a particular size. As will

be described further below, the harvesting process 455 automatically downloads the specified image, converts it to the appropriate format, and scales it to the appropriate size that is appropriate for use with the Gallery presentation mechanism.

5 The seller also provides his/her user ID or email address 605 and a password 610 in form 600. According to this example, the seller additionally submits a descriptive title 615 for the item and a geographical location 620 of the item. Providing the location 620 of the item allows prospective buyers to evaluate potential costs relating to shipping, etc. In order for the item to show up in user queries for a particular category, the seller also selects one of a number of categories 625 and chooses the most specific sub-categories from a  
10 predefined list in a popup menu, for example. Finally, the seller may specify acceptable payment methods 630, shipping terms 640, the quantity 655 of items of this type that are available, a minimum bid 660 per item, and the duration 665 of the offer. When the item is posted to the listing database 420 a unique item number is generated and associated with the item. The item numbers may be sequentially numbered as new items are posted to the  
15 listing database 420, for example.

The present invention is not limited to any particular implementation of registration processing or to the specific information that may be associated with an item for sale.

Importantly, the registration form 600 is intended only to illustrate some of the many types of information that may be associated with an item that is posted to the listing database 420.

20 In alternate embodiments, more or less information may be associated with items.

## Image Harvesting

Figure 7 is a flow diagram illustrating image harvesting processing according to one embodiment of the present invention.

At step 710, image location information is retrieved from the listing database 420  
5 for a set of images that will be downloaded concurrently. According to one embodiment, the image location information is a URL. However, other mechanisms are envisioned for specifying an image location, such as a directory path, etc.

At step 720, an attempt is made to convert erroneous user-supplied data to "legal" data. For example, the user-supplied data for the image location may be massaged to have  
10 correct URL syntax. URLs follow the syntax described in Request for Comments (RFC) 1738, Uniform Resource Locators (URL), December 1994. According to RFC 1738, a URL contains the name of the "scheme" being used (e.g., http, ftp, gopher, etc.) followed by a colon and then a string, the "scheme-specific part" whose interpretation depends on the scheme. URLs are, therefore, written as follows:

15 <scheme>:<scheme-specific part>

For example, the eBay home page is currently located at the following URL:

"http://www.ebay.com". The scheme is "http" and the scheme-specific part is  
"www.ebay.com".

At step 730, multiple image downloads are started using a sockets-based interface.  
20 Prior to starting the downloads, it may be necessary to attempt a variety of option configurations in order to establish communication with a particular server.

At any rate, assuming communication has successfully been established with the servers that have the desired image data, in one embodiment, 500 downloads are performed concurrently. After the downloads have begun, the status of the downloads is polled  
25 periodically (step 740). If an error arose in one or more of the downloads, processing



continues with step 750. If one or more of the downloads has completed, then processing continues with step 760.

At step 750, error handling is performed. Attempts may be made to determine whether or not an error has in fact occurred. For example, it is not uncommon for a server  
5 to incorrectly identify a file size thereby causing a mismatch between the actual size of the downloaded file and the expected file size. In situations like these, the image can be salvaged; however, other situations may require the download to be restarted.

At step 760, the one or more images that have been downloaded successfully are  
10 thumbnailed and stored for later inclusion in the thumbnail database 440. According to one embodiment, the process of thumbnailing an image is performed with an imaging tool kit, such as ImageGear98 Gold Pro of Accusoft. Thumbnailing an image may be broken down into three steps: (1) first, decompression is performed from the harvested image's source format; (2) then, the decompressed image is converted to a thumbnail that will fit within a predetermined space. For example, the largest dimension of the source image may be  
15 scaled to fit the corresponding dimension of the predetermined space, then the other dimension of the source image may be scaled proportionately; (3) finally, the thumbnail is recompressed into a predetermined output format, e.g., Joint Photographics Expert Group (JPEG).

Preferably, for convenience of the users, the thumbnailing process may receive one  
20 of many different image formats. According to one embodiment, the source format and the output format are one of the following: Tagged Image File Format (TIFF), JPEG, JPEG 12 Lossy, JPEG 12-8 Lossless, P-JPEG, Audio Video Interleave (AVI), (JPEG File Interchange Format) JFIF, Delrin Winfax, PCX (ZSoft Paint format), TGA (Truevision (Targa) File Format), Portable Network Graphics (PNG), DCX, G3, G4, G3 2D,  
25 Computer Aided Acquisition and Logistics Support Raster Format (CALS), Electronic Arts Interchange File Format (IFF), IOCA, PCD, IGF, ICO, Mixed Object Document Content

Architecture (MO:DCA), Windows Metafile Format (WMF), ATT, Windows Bitmap  
Format (BMP), BRK, CLP, LV, GX2, IMG(GEM), IMG(Xerox), IMT, KFX, FLE,  
MAC, MSP, NCR, Portable Bitmap (PBM), Portable Greymap (PGM), SUN, PNM,  
Portable Pixmap (PPM), Adobe Photoshop (PSD), Sun Rasterfile (RAS), SGI, X BitMap  
5 (XBM), X PixMap (XPM), X Window Dump (XWD), AFX, Imara, Exif, WordPerfect  
Graphics Metafile (WPG), Macintosh Picture (PICT), Encapsulated PostScript (EPS),  
Graphics Interchange Format (GIF). Of course, as new image formats are introduced, it  
would be advantageous to provide support for those as well.

## 10 Item Presentation

Figure 8 is a flow diagram illustrating item presentation processing according to  
one embodiment of the present invention. The assignee of the present invention has  
observed that in the context of item presentation only a small amount of information  
actually needs to be changed in the HTML that is generated for various user queries. For  
15 an item presentation format, such as that illustrated in Figure 9, the information that varies  
is essentially limited to: the item title, the current minimum bid, the image, and the auction  
ending time. The remainder of the web page comprises HTML interface elements that  
remain constant regardless of the result of the user's query. Consequently, according to  
one embodiment, a predefined page format (referred to as the Gallery template) is employed  
20 into which the information that varies can be inserted on the fly as data is retrieved from the  
databases.

At step 810, the predefined page format, e.g., the Gallery template, is obtained.

At step 820, the listing management process 415 retrieves information from the  
listing database 420 corresponding to the items that will be displayed for the category and  
25 page requested, for example.

At step 830, the predefined page format is populated based upon the information retrieved in step 820. At this point, it should be noted that according to one embodiment of the present invention, thumbnail images are accessed from the thumb server 430 by item number. As one feature of this embodiment, references to the thumbnail images stored on the thumb server 430 may be generated on the fly by the listing management process 415 based upon the image format and the item number. For example, an inline image tag can be generated having the general form: <img src=path/item\_number.jpg>. In this manner, no additional space is required in the listing database 420 for image file names. Another option would have been to represent the image reference in the form of a query, e.g.,

10 http://cgi.ebay.com/cgi/DBAPI.dll?GetImage&item=item\_number. However, while the former representation would be cached by caching proxy servers, the latter representation is not typically cached by caching proxy servers. Therefore, hiding the underlying queries to the thumb database 440 from caching proxy servers by representing the thumbnail images in the HTML as if they were stored as individual files has the benefit of causing the caching

15 proxy servers to perform more efficiently thereby generally reducing the load on the site and making the experience better for all users. Additionally, users that access the listing server 410 and the thumb server 430 by way of a caching proxy server, such as those on America Online, for example, will have enhanced performance as a result of the thumbnail images being cached because the data for rendering the web pages will be available much

20 faster.

### Gallery Presentation Format

**Figure 9** is an example of an item presentation format for an online person-to-person trading site according to one embodiment of the present invention. The Gallery presentation page format 900 of the present embodiment includes a text mode button 975 and a photo mode button 980 allowing the user to switch between the text-based item listing format and the Gallery presentation format. In response to a user query, such as a request for a particular page 970 within a particular category 960, a list of items 905 is displayed to the users. In this example, each individual item 910 includes a thumbnail image 920, a title 915, a current minimum bid 930, and the auction ending time 950.

Advantageously, in this manner, the Gallery presentation page format 900 allows a prospective buyer to quickly scan the thumbnails for items of interest. Such a feature becomes critical in an online commerce environment in which thousands of unique items are for sale, for example.

According to another feature of the present embodiment, by displaying all images in a predetermined, fixed-size display area 921, the listing management process 415 doesn't need to have detailed knowledge about the individual images. For example, according to an embodiment described previously, the listing management process 415 can simply use the item number to generate references, e.g., inline image tags, for the desired thumbnail images.

### Thumb Database Access

**Figure 10** illustrates memory mapped file access to the thumb database 1020 according to one embodiment of the present invention. According to the embodiment depicted, rather than maintaining a complex file structure with potentially millions of separate files, a simple and efficient thumb database 1020 is maintained that is designed to

get information into memory quickly to provide fast access to the thumbnail images stored therein. Briefly, the goal is to keep the thumb database 1020 reasonably sized so that it can be completely loaded into a virtual address space 1015 and accessed as a memory mapped file.

5           According to one embodiment, each database entry comprises a length field and image data. The length field may identify the length of the entry or the length of the image data. The image data represents the compressed thumbnail image. For purposes of this example, it is assumed the thumb server has a 4 Gigabyte virtual address space and that the thumb database 1020 can be compressed into a single 1 Gigabyte file. When the thumbnail  
10   management process 435 opens the thumb database 1020 for reading; rather than using file system calls that would not provide sufficient caching, it opens the thumb database 1020 as a memory mapped file. As a result, the thumb database is loaded completely into a continuous block 1025 of the virtual address space 1015. Accessing an individual entry of the database may then be accomplished by selecting an offset corresponding to the desired  
15   image from an array of relative offsets, such as index 1010. Advantageously, after the thumb database 1020 is loaded into virtual address space 1015, disk I/O can be avoided for subsequent accesses thereby enhancing the speed at which images can be served to clients.

20           In the foregoing specification, the invention has been described with reference to specific embodiments thereof. It will, however, be evident that various modifications and changes may be made thereto without departing from the broader spirit and scope of the invention. The specification and drawings are, accordingly, to be regarded in an illustrative rather than a restrictive sense.